

Holt Physics

Problem 20D**CURRENT IN AND POTENTIAL DIFFERENCE ACROSS A RESISTOR****PROBLEM**

Determine the current in and the potential difference across the $5.0\ \Omega$ resistor in the circuit diagram at right.

SOLUTION

- 1. Determine the equivalent resistance in the circuit.**

For group (a): $R_{eq,a} = 5.0\ \Omega + 2.0\ \Omega = 7.0\ \Omega = R_2$

For group (b): $\frac{1}{R_{eq,b}} = \frac{1}{R_1} + \frac{1}{R_2} = \frac{1}{4.0\ \Omega} + \frac{1}{7.0\ \Omega}$

$$\frac{1}{R_{eq,b}} = \frac{0.25}{1\ \Omega} + \frac{0.14}{1\ \Omega} = \frac{0.39}{1\ \Omega}$$

$$R_{eq,b} = 2.6\ \Omega$$

For group (c): $R_{eq,c} = 3.0\ \Omega + 2.6\ \Omega + 6.0\ \Omega = 11.6\ \Omega$

- 2. Calculate the total current in the circuit, which is the current in group (c).**

$$I = \frac{\Delta V_{tot}}{R_{eq}} = \frac{12.0\ \text{V}}{11.6\ \Omega} = 1.0\ \text{A}$$

- 3. Determine a path from the equivalent resistance found in step 1 to the $5.0\ \Omega$ resistor.** Review the path taken to find the equivalent resistance and work backward through this path.

- 4. Follow the path determined in step 3, and calculate the current in and the potential difference across each equivalent resistance.** Repeat this process until the desired values are found.

Regroup, evaluate, and calculate. The circuit's equivalent resistance is that of group (c), as found in step 1 above. The resistors in group (c) are in series; therefore, the current in each resistor is the same as the current in the equivalent resistance, which equals $1.0\ \text{A}$. The potential difference across group (b), which is represented by the $2.6\ \Omega$ resistor in group (c), can be replaced with $\Delta V = IR$.

Given: $I = 1.0\ \text{A}$ $R = 2.6\ \Omega$

Unknown: $\Delta V = ?$

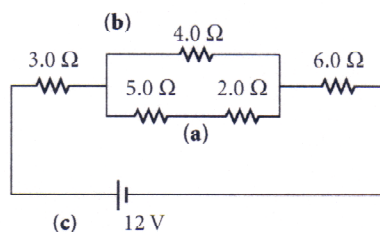
$$\Delta V = IR = (1.0\ \text{A})(2.6\ \Omega) = 2.6\ \text{V}$$

Regroup, evaluate, and calculate. Replace the center resistor with group (b). The resistors in group (b) are in parallel; therefore, the potential difference across each resistor is the same as the potential difference across the $2.6\ \Omega$ equivalent resistance, which equals $2.6\ \text{V}$. The current in the $7.0\ \Omega$ resistor in group (b) can be calculated using $I = \Delta V/R$.

Given: $\Delta V = 2.6\ \text{V}$ $R = 7.0\ \Omega$

Unknown: $I = ?$

$$I = \frac{\Delta V}{R} = \frac{2.6\ \text{V}}{7.0\ \Omega} = 0.37\ \text{A}$$



Regroup, evaluate, and calculate. Replace the $7.0\ \Omega$ resistor with group (a). The resistors in group (a) are in series; therefore, the current in each resistor is the same as the current in the $7.0\ \Omega$ equivalent resistance, which equals $0.37\ \text{A}$.

$$I = 0.37\ \text{A}$$

The potential difference across the $5.0\ \Omega$ resistor can be calculated using $\Delta V = IR$.

Given: $I = 0.37\ \text{A}$ $R = 5.0\ \Omega$

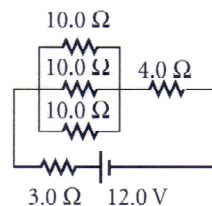
Unknown: $\Delta V = ?$

$$\Delta V = IR = (0.37\ \text{A})(5.0\ \Omega) = 1.85\ \text{V}$$

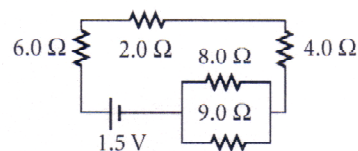
$$\Delta V = 1.85\ \text{V}$$

ADDITIONAL PRACTICE

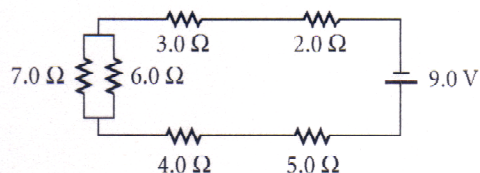
1. Determine the current in and the potential difference across the $4.0\ \Omega$ resistor in the circuit diagram at right.



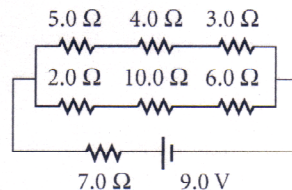
2. Determine the current in and the potential difference across the $9.0\ \Omega$ resistor in the circuit diagram at right.



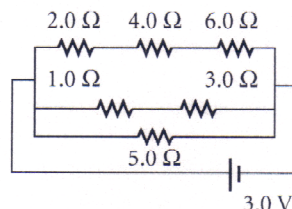
3. Determine the current in and the potential difference across the $6.0\ \Omega$ resistor in the circuit diagram at right.



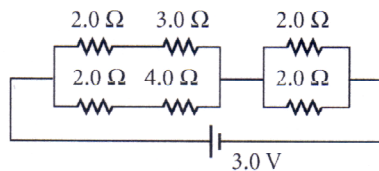
4. Determine the current in and the potential difference across the $10.0\ \Omega$ resistor in the circuit diagram at right.



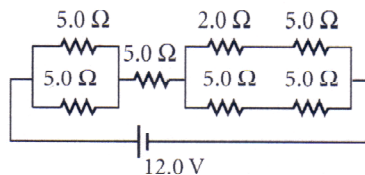
5. Determine the current in and the potential difference across the $4.0\ \Omega$ resistor in the circuit diagram at right.



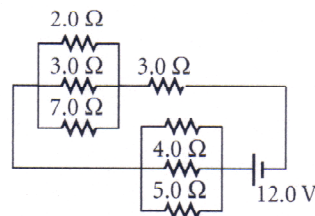
6. Determine the current in and the potential difference across the $3.0\ \Omega$ resistor in the circuit diagram at right.



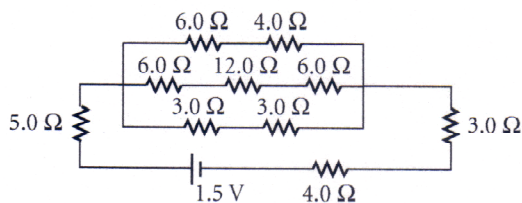
7. Determine the current in and the potential difference across the $2.0\ \Omega$ resistor in the circuit diagram at right.



8. Determine the current in and the potential difference across the $7.0\ \Omega$ resistor in the circuit diagram at right.



9. Determine the current in and the potential difference across the $12.0\ \Omega$ resistor in the circuit diagram at right.



10. Determine the current in and the potential difference across the $15.0\ \Omega$ resistor in the circuit diagram at right.

